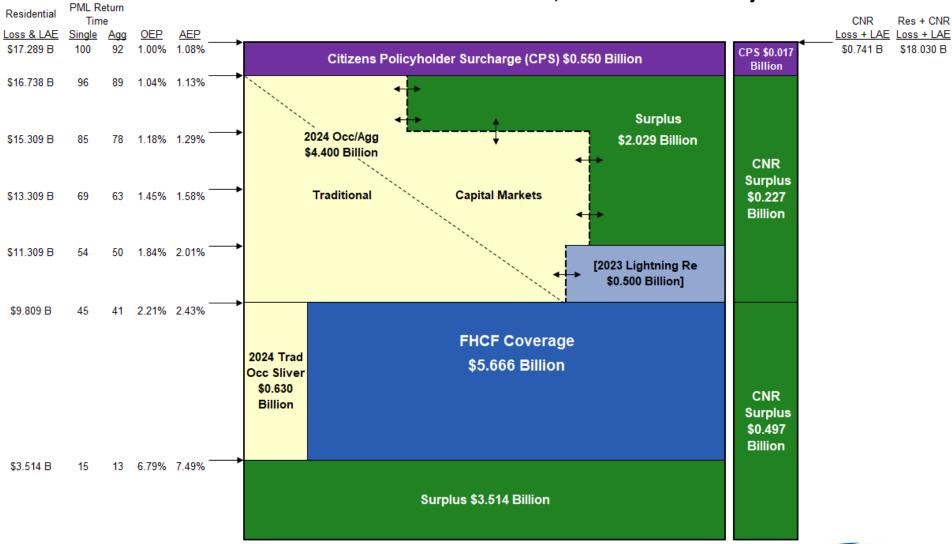
2024 Preliminary Risk Transfer Program

May 14, 2024



2024 Preliminary Program Layer Chart

12/31/2023 PML with 10% LAE and 7.0% PR/CR, 38.4% CNR Growth Adjustment



Approximately 100% of surplus is exposed in a 1-in-100 year event.

Notes and Assumptions 2024 Storm Season

ASSUMPTIONS

Citizens' 2024 Budgeted DWP \$5.9 Billion

Citizens' Policyholder Surcharge Maximum
15%

2024 Emergency Assessment Base (based on 2023 DWP)\$85.2 Billion

- PMLs are based on modeled losses as of December 31, 2023, AIR Hurricane Model for the United States Version 1.0.0 as implemented in Touchstone (version 10.0.0). All PMLs reflect the 50K US Hurricane Florida Regulatory Event Set including Demand Surge, excluding Storm Surge, and include 10% of loss to account for loss adjustment expense (LAE). Interim Return Periods are derived by linear interpolation between 5-year intervals. 2024 preliminary program chart uses growth adjustments of 7.0% for PR/CR and 38.4% for CNR to project to September 30, 2024.
- 2024 Projected Surplus = projected year end 2023 surplus + 2024 budgeted net income +/- adjustment for reinsurance cost and differences between budget and updated forecast FHCF premium
- FHCF pays 10% of reimbursed loss for loss adjustment expense
- Citizens' 2024 FHCF coverage is based on preliminary retention and coverage estimates. Actual Citizens' FHCF attachment and limits of coverage could differ significantly from estimates.
- Lighting Re is an industry loss index trigger catastrophe bond based on PCS published insured residential losses in the State of Florida named storms. The fully collateralized Notes provide multi-year excess of loss protection on an annual aggregate basis. Estimated placement of this coverage on the layer charts is based on internal analysis. Actual attachment and exhaustion points could differ significantly from estimates.

<u>NOTES</u>

These charts are imperfect! They attempt to show projected claims-paying resources, but they are approximations only. Three significant complicating factors are described below:

- 1) PR/CR PML vs. CNR PML: An actual 100-year PML event in the Residential portion of the book (PR/CR) may not be a 100-year PML event for the Non-Residential (CNR) portion of the book. The relative magnitude of actual losses for the Residential and Non-Residential portions will depend on the storm size and path.
- 2) <u>Non-residential exposure</u>: Commercial non-residential (CNR) exposures are not reinsured by FHCF. CNR losses are shown in a stand-alone chart and correspond to the actual CNR's PML and return periods.
- 3) <u>Liquidity</u>: These charts do not show liquidity. Ample PML resources may still require liquidity as many of the resources are not available immediately following a major hurricane. The timing and magnitude of receivables such as FHCF recoveries and assessments are unknown.

